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2

## Characteristic Evaluation of Medical X-Ray Using High-Voltage Generator with Inverter System

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Abstract: Medical X-ray has been brought many changes according to the rapid development of high technology. Especially, for high-voltage generator which is the most important in X-ray generation the traditional way is to use high-voltage electric transformers primarily. However, since it is large and heavy and the ripple rate of DC high-voltage applied to X-ray tube is too big, it has a disadvantage of low X-ray production efficiency. To solve these problems, the studies about high-voltage power supply are now proceeding. At present, the high-voltage generator that generates high-voltage by making high frequency using inverter control circuit consisting of semiconductor device is mainly used. High-voltage generator using inverter has advantages in the diagnosis using X-ray including high performance with short-term use, miniaturization of power supply and ripple reduction. In this study, the X-ray high-voltage device with inverter type using pulse width modulation scheme to the control of tube voltage and tube current was designed and produced. For performance evaluation of produced device, the control signal analysis, irradiation dose change and beam quality depending on the load variation of tube voltage and tube current were evaluated.

Keywords: X-ray, Inverter, Generator, Medical

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X [2-4]. X X

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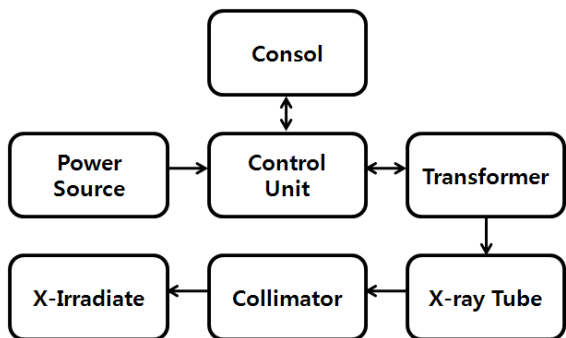


Fig. 1. Configuration of X-ray system.

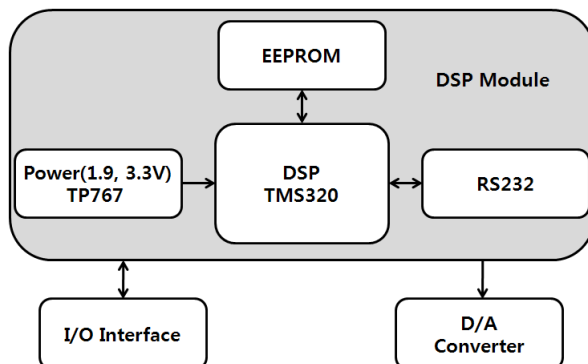


Fig. 2. Configuration of CPU board.

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X

[5-6].

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1 X

2.1

X on/off,

control unit CPU board (RS232)  
: recommended standard 232)

[7-9].  
width modulation)

(PWM: pulse  
X

PWM

, X

2.2 Control Unit

Control unit

system

CPU , PWM

2. X

X

1) CPU

CPU(central processing unit) ,  
PWM

CPU DSP(digital signal processor)

CPU

DSP , bucky rotor  
AUX

control unit, X

interface,

DSP

PWM

D/A converter

X

X

2 CPU  
X

DSP TMS320 TMS320 20 A  
150 Mbps, I/O precharge  
port, sampling, 2.3

DSP TP767, X  
DSP RS323 X  
EEPROM DSP X  
PWM 0000 4,095 4,096

2) 20 kHz LC  
IGBT 1  
2 PWM 1

DSP 4,096 DC 320 V  
PWM CPU 150 kV  
D/A converter analog X X

KA3525 PWM 10  
feedback 30 V X

PWM IGBT (insulated) 2.4 X  
PWM IGBT X  
1 X Toshiba E7239  
(cathode)  
X PWM IGBT X  
(anode)  
X

3) 3,200 rpm  
filament X  
18,800 uF X 20 kV X  
A/D converter X

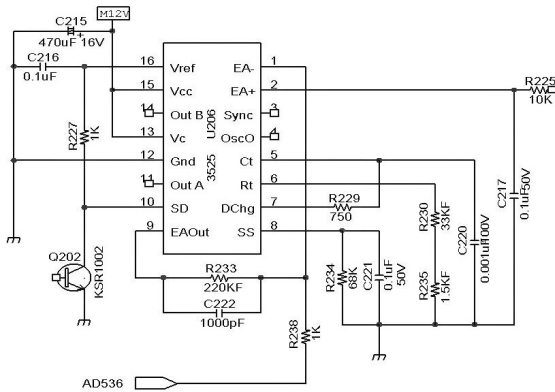


Fig. 3. Circuit diagram of KA3525.

2.5 (照射野)

X Y

X

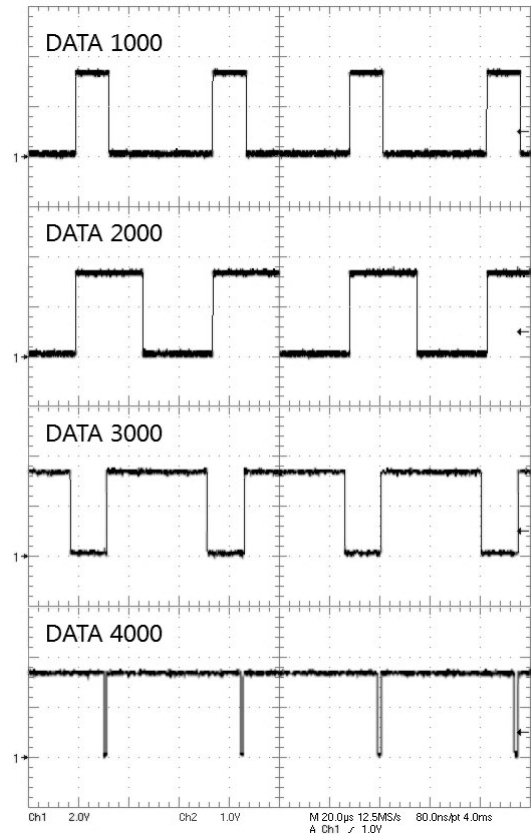


Fig. 4. PWM control signal.

3.

3.1 DSP

X

(ICRP: international commission on radiological protection)

[10].

X

X

PWM

PWM  
KA3525  
EA-  
PWM  
KA3525

IC(integrated circuit)  
EA+  
feedback  
3 PWM

KA3525 EA-  
feedback  
KA3525  
on

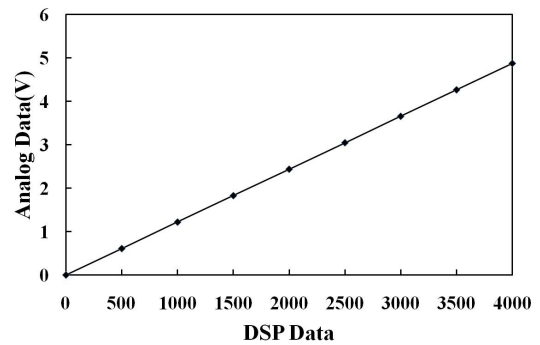


Fig. 5. Change of reference voltage according to PWM control signal.



